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# Joint T1 and brain fiber diffeomorphic registration using the demons

Viviana Siless<sup>1,2</sup>, Pamela Guevara<sup>3</sup>, Xavier Pennec<sup>4</sup>, Bertrand Thirion<sup>1,2</sup>, Pierre Fillard<sup>1</sup>

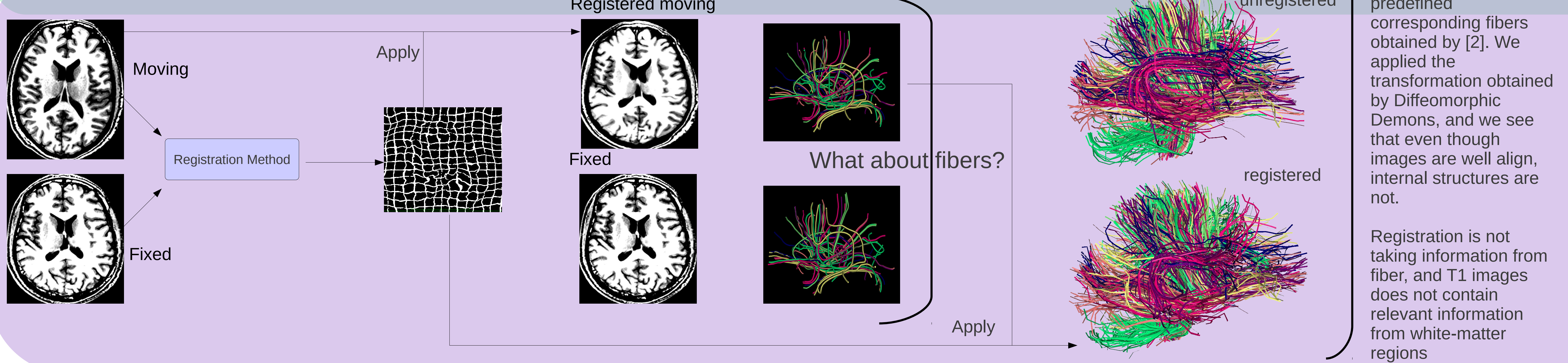
<sup>1</sup> Parietal Team, INRIA Saclay-Île-de-France, Saclay, France - <sup>2</sup> CEA, DSV, I2BM, Neurospin bât 145, 91191 Gif-Sur-Yvette, France

<sup>3</sup> University of Concepción, Concepción, Chile - <sup>4</sup> Asclepios Team, INRIA Sophia Antipolis Méditerranée, Sophia Antipolis, France

viviana.siless@inria.fr,  
http://parietal.saclay.inria.fr

- Within inter-individual comparison, registration should align images as well as cortical and external structures such as sulcal lines and fibers in brain imaging.
- While using image-based registration, neural fibers appear uniformly white giving no information to the registration.
  - Tensor-based registration improves white-matter alignment, however misregistration may also persist in regions where the tensor field appears uniform.
- We propose an hybrid approach by extending the Diffeomorphic Demons [1] registration to incorporate geometric constrains. Combining the image and the geometry, we define a mathematically sound framework to jointly register images and geometric descriptors of fibers.

## Context



## Diffeomorphic Demons Registration

- We measure the similarity of the images:  $\text{Sim}(F, M \circ s) = \frac{1}{2} \|F - M \circ s\|^2$

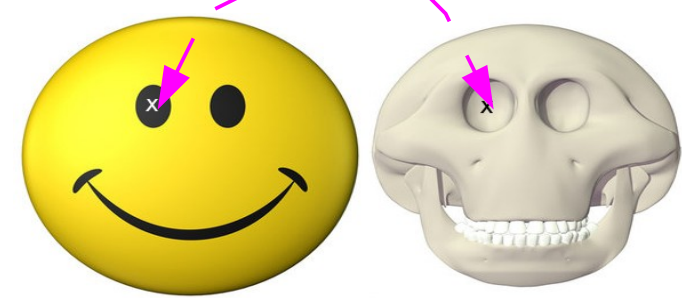
where  $F$  is the fixed image,  $M$  is the moving image and  $M \circ s$  is the moving image after applying the transformation

- We minimize the following

$$E(s, c) = \frac{1}{\sigma_i} \text{Sim}(F, M \circ c) + \frac{1}{\sigma_x} \text{dist}(s, c)^2 + \frac{1}{\sigma_r} \text{Reg}(s)$$

where  $\text{Reg}$  is the regularization term

Where  $\text{dist}$  is the distance between the correspondences and the current transformation.



We minimize this distance, as we want small deformations at each step.

The minimization is done in 2 steps:  
we first optimize for the correspondences  
and then we take care of the regularization term.

$$1 - E_s^{\text{corr}}(u) = \|F - M \circ s \circ u\|^2 + \|u\|^2 \frac{\sigma_i^2}{\sigma_x^2}$$

$$2 - c \leftarrow s \circ u$$

$$3 - s \leftarrow K * c$$

Repeat until the similarity between the images is small enough.

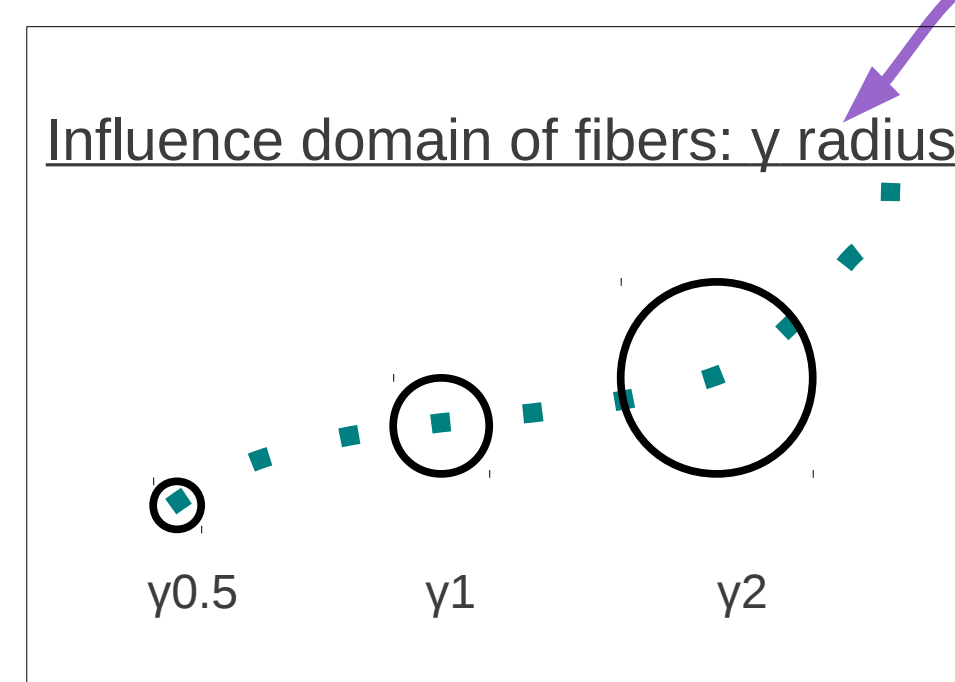
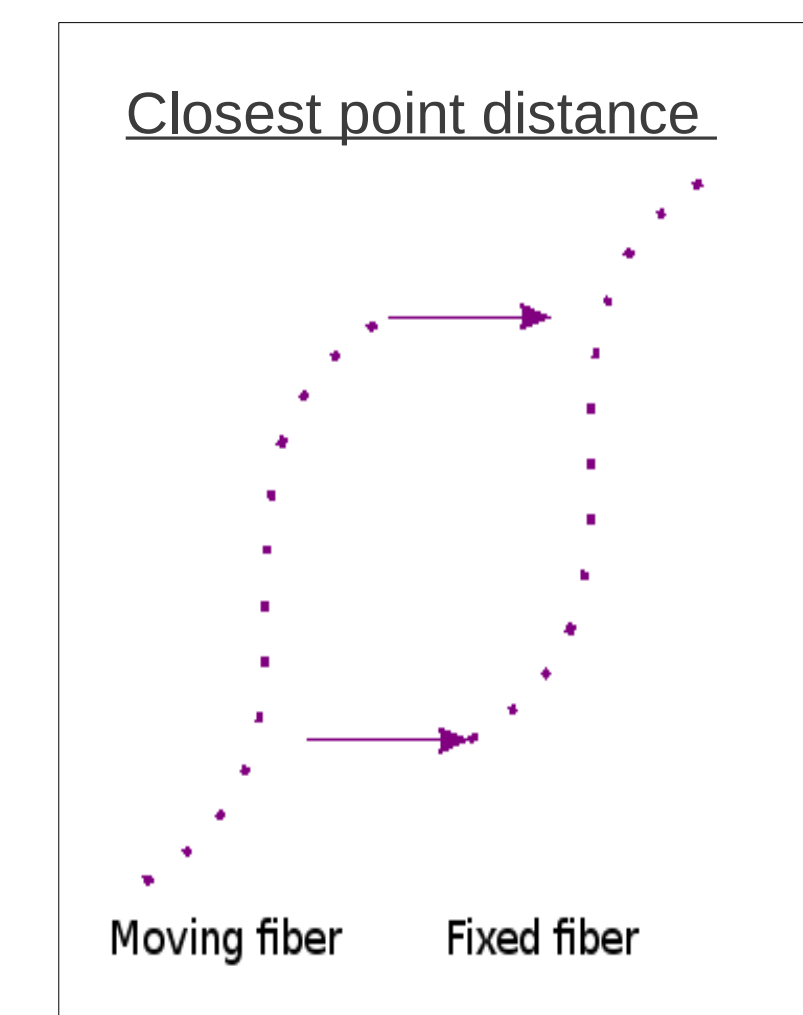
## Geometric Demons Registration

$$E(s, c) = \frac{1}{\sigma_i} (\text{Sim}(F, M \circ c_i) + \text{Sim}(X^F, X^M \circ c_p)) + \frac{1}{\sigma_x} (\text{dist}(s, c_i)^2 + \text{dist}(s, c_p)^2) + \frac{1}{\sigma_r} \text{Reg}(s)$$

where  $X^F$  is the set of points of all fibers in the fixed image

$X^M$  is the set of points of all fibers in the moving image.

$c^p$  are the correspondences between the moving points and the fixed points.



Update field for the image:

$$1 - E_s^{\text{corr}}(u_i) = \|F - M \circ s \circ \exp(u_i)\|^2 + \frac{\sigma_i^2}{\sigma_x^2} \text{dist}(s, s \circ \exp(u_i))^2$$

Update field for the fibers, where  $\text{Sim}$  is the closest point distance:

$$2 - E_s^{\text{corr}}(u_p) = \text{Sim}(X^F - X^M + u_p) + \frac{\sigma_i^2}{\sigma_x^2} \text{dist}(s, s \circ \exp(u_p))^2$$

Use RBF to extrapolate and convert the sparse update field from fiber to a dense one

$$3 - u_p(x) = H(x) \cdot A^{-1} \cdot U$$

Weight and combine the update fields, using fiber information close to where fiber points are defined.

$$4 - u(x) = (1 - w(x))u_i(x) + w(x)u_p(x)$$

Update the transformation

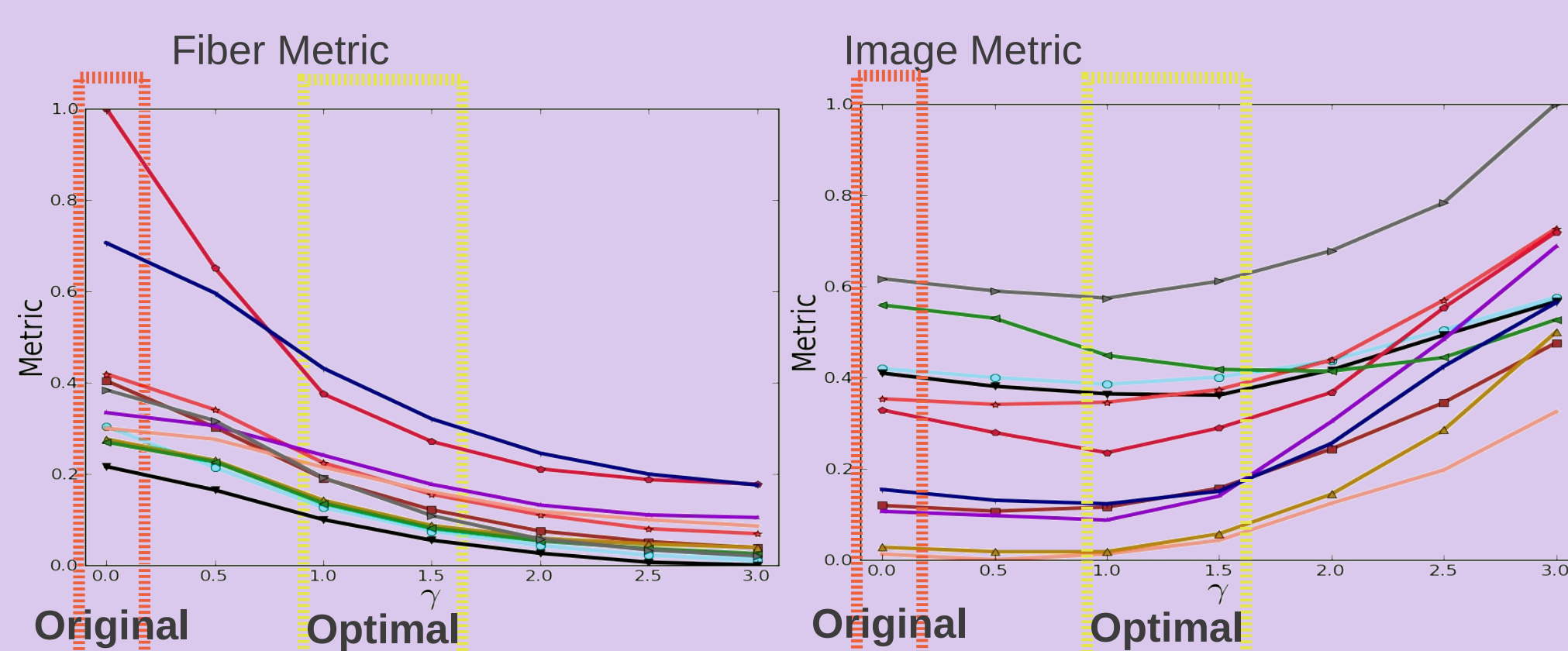
$$5 - \text{Let } c \rightarrow s \circ \exp(u)$$

Take care of the regularization term (convolve with a Gaussian Kernel)

$$6 - s \rightarrow K * c$$

Repeat until the similarity between the images and the set of points is small enough.

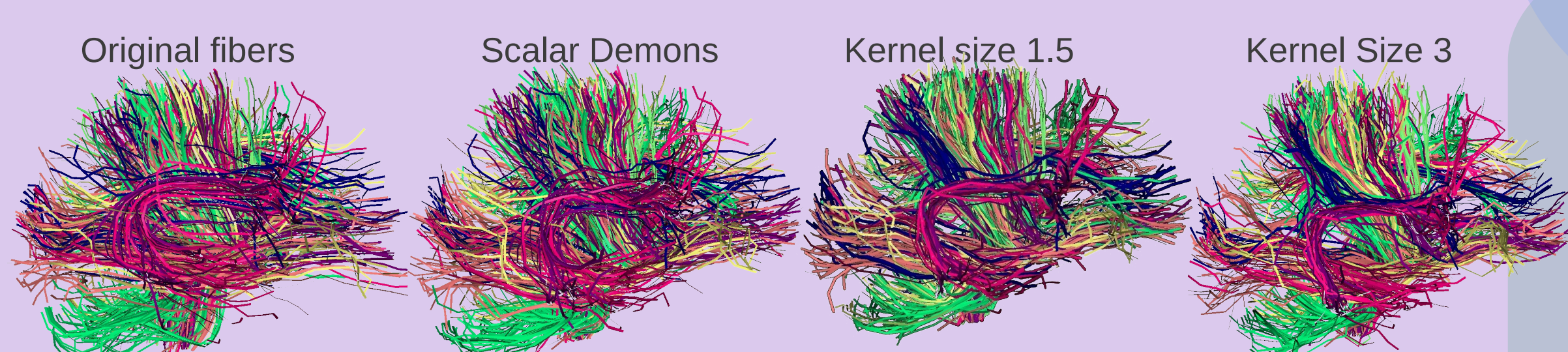
## Optimal influence radius: $\gamma$



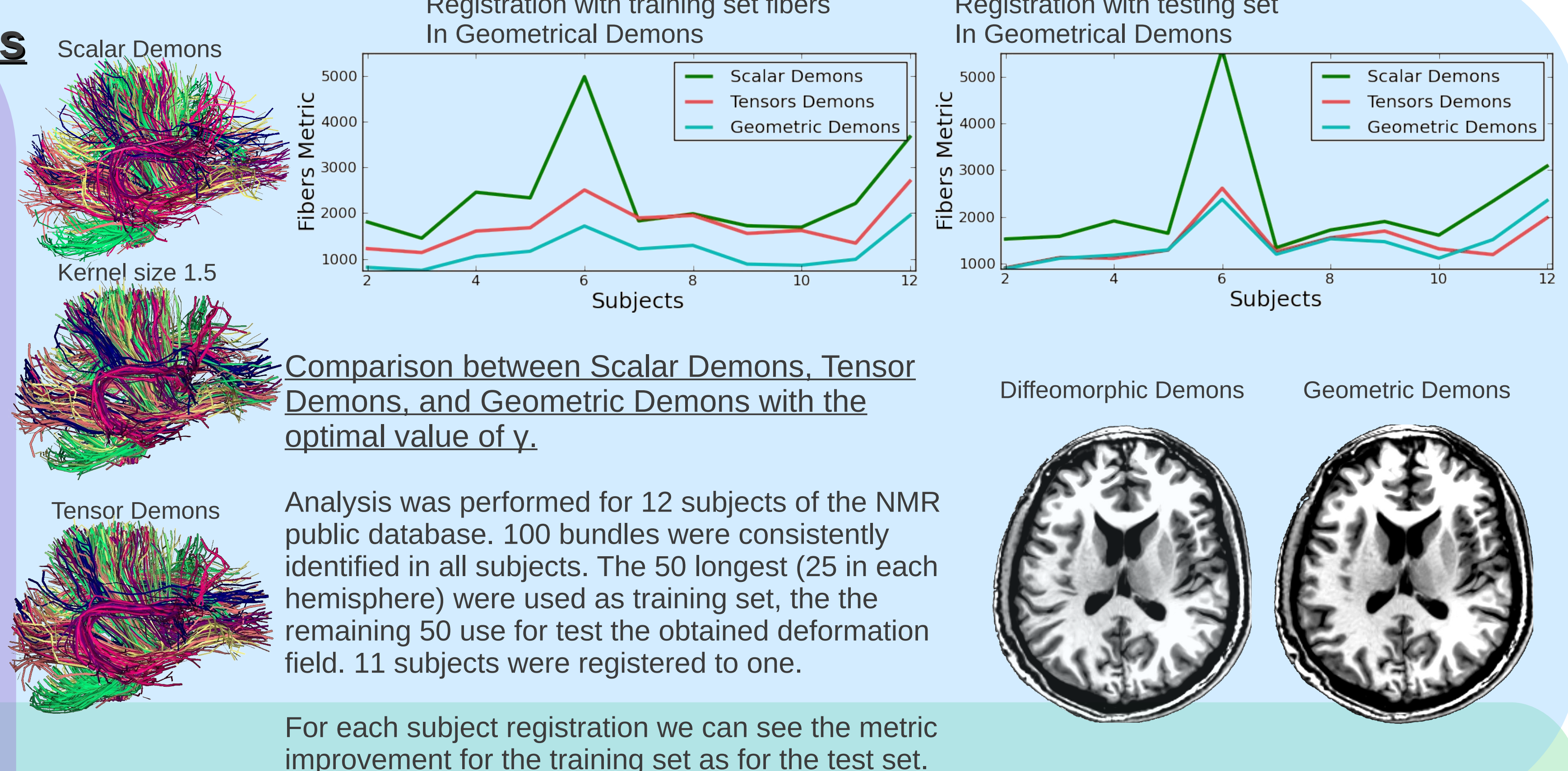
As we increase the radius the more the fibers influence the deformation field, therefore the fibers alignment improves at the expenses of image alignment.

The optimal  $\gamma$  radius is between 1.0 and 1.5 where we are able to highly improve fibers alignment and also to maintain the image alignment.

Fiber alignment improvement from original to a high radius value



## Results



**Conclusions:** We extended the well-established Demons registration algorithm to register jointly both, image and geometric descriptors. We were able to find a trade-off of parameters where a unique transformation is obtained well aligning both image and fibers. Future work consist in incorporating currents as the measure for fiber bundles.